

Exosomal RNA Isolation Kit
Product # 58000**Product Insert**

For use with Norgen's Exosome Purification Kits, ultracentrifugation, size-exclusion chromatography, and most other commercial purification methods.

Exosomes are 40 - 150 nm membrane vesicles, which are secreted by most cell types. Exosomes can be found in urine, saliva, plasma, serum, amniotic fluid and malignant ascite fluids, among other biological fluids. Evidence has been accumulating recently that these vesicles act as cellular messengers, conveying information to distant cells and tissues within the body. The exosomes contain cell-specific proteins, lipids and RNAs, which are transported to other cells, where they can alter function and/or physiology. These exosomes may play a functional role in mediating adaptive immune responses to infectious agents and tumors, tissue repair, neural communication and transfer of pathogenic proteins. Recent work has demonstrated the presence of distinct subsets of microRNAs within exosomes and other extracellular vesicles (EVs) which depend upon the tumor cell type from which they are secreted. For this reason, exosomal RNA may serve as biomarkers for various diseases including cancer.

Norgen's Exosomal RNA Isolation Kit constitutes an all-in-one system for the isolation of exosomal RNA from exosomes previously purified using Norgen's Exosome Purification Kits. This kit also allows for the isolation of RNA from intact extracellular vesicles (EVs) purified from different sample types such as urine, plasma/serum, cell culture media, or saliva and different sample volumes. The purification is based on spin column chromatography that employs Norgen's proprietary resin. The kit is designed to isolate all sizes of RNA, including microRNA. The kit provides a clear advantage over other available kits in that it does not require any special instrumentation, protein precipitation reagents, extension tubes, phenol/chloroform or protease treatments. Moreover, the kit allows the user to elute into a flexible elution volume ranging from 50 μ L to 100 μ L. The purified RNA is of the highest integrity and can be used in a number of downstream applications including real time PCR, reverse transcription PCR, Northern blotting, RNase protection and primer extension, and expression array assays. Norgen's Exosomal RNA isolation kit allows you to isolate cell-free RNA if you have used Norgen's Exosome purification Kit.

Component	Product # 58000 (Variable)
Lysis Buffer A	20 mL
Lysis Additive B	2 mL
Wash Solution A	38 mL
Elution Solution A	6 mL
Mini Spin Columns	50
Collection Tubes	50
Elution tubes (1.7 mL)	2 x 25
Product Insert	1

** Please check page 7 for Average Yields and Common RNA Quantification Methods*

Customer-Supplied Reagents and Equipment

- Disposable powder-free gloves
- Benchtop microcentrifuge
- Micropipettors
- Sterile pipette tips with filters
- Vortex
- 96-100% Ethanol

Storage Conditions and Product Stability

All buffers should be kept tightly sealed and stored at room temperature. This kit is stable for 2 years after the date of shipment. It is recommended to warm Lysis Buffer A for 20 minutes at 60°C if any salt precipitation is observed.

General Precautions

All biological samples should be considered as potentially infectious. Proper biosafety measures should therefore be carried out when using this kit.

Quality Control

In accordance with Norgen's ISO 9001 and ISO 13485-certified Quality Management System, each lot of Norgen's Exosomal RNA Isolation Kit are tested against predetermined specifications to ensure consistent product quality.

Product Use Limitations

Norgen's Exosomal RNA Isolation Kit are designed for research purposes only. It is not intended for human or diagnostic use.

Product Warranty and Satisfaction Guarantee

NORGEN BIOTEK CORPORATION guarantees the performance of all products in the manner described in our product manual. The customer must determine the suitability of the product for its particular use.

Safety Information

Ensure that a suitable lab coat, disposable gloves and protective goggles are worn when working with chemicals. For more information, please consult the appropriate Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDSs). These are available as convenient PDF files online at www.norgenbiotek.com.

Lysis Buffer A contains guanidine thiocyanate and should be handled with care. Guanidine thiocyanate forms highly reactive compounds when combined with bleach, thus care must be taken to properly dispose of any of these solutions.

If liquid containing these buffers is spilled, clean with suitable laboratory detergent and water. If the spilled liquid contains potentially infectious agents, clean the affected area first with laboratory detergent and water, and then with 1% (v/v) sodium hypochlorite.

CAUTION: DO NOT add bleach or acidic solutions directly to the sample-preparation waste.

Important Notes**Working with RNA**

- RNases are very stable and robust enzymes that degrade RNA. Autoclaving solutions and glassware are not always sufficient to actively remove these enzymes. The first step when preparing to work with RNA is to create an RNase-free environment. The following precautions are recommended as your best defense against these enzymes.
- The RNA area should be located away from microbiological workstations
- Clean, disposable gloves should be worn at all times when handling reagents, samples, pipettes, disposable tubes, etc. It is recommended that gloves are changed frequently to avoid contamination
- There should be designated solutions, tips, tubes, lab coats, pipettes, etc. for RNA only
- All RNA solutions should be prepared using at least 0.05% DEPC-treated autoclaved water or molecular biology grade nuclease-free water
- Clean all surfaces with commercially available RNase decontamination solutions

- When working with purified RNA, ensure that they remain on ice during downstream applications

Notes Prior to Use

- All centrifugation steps are performed at room temperature.
- Ensure that centrifuge tubes used are capable of withstanding the centrifugal forces required.
- The provided spin columns are optimized to be used with a benchtop centrifuge and not to be used on a vacuum apparatus
- Most standard benchtop microcentrifuges will accommodate Norgen's Micro Spin Columns.
- Centrifuging Norgen's spin columns at a speed higher than recommended may affect RNA yield.
- Centrifuging Norgen's spin columns at a speed lower than recommended will not affect RNA yield. However, centrifugation at a lower speed may require longer time for the solutions to pass through the spin column
- Ensure that all solutions are at room temperature prior to use.
- It is highly recommended to warm up **Lysis Buffer A** at 60°C for 20 minutes and mix well until the solutions become clear again if precipitates are present.
- Prepare a working concentration of the **Wash Solution A** by adding **90 mL** of 96 - 100% ethanol (provided by the user) to the supplied bottle containing **38 mL** of concentrated Wash Solution A. This will give a final volume of **128 mL**. The label on the bottle has a box that may be checked to indicate that the ethanol has been added.
- If any of the solutions do not go through the Spin Columns within the specified centrifugation time, spin for an additional 1-2 minutes until the solution completely passes through the column. Do NOT exceed the centrifugation speed as this may affect RNA yield.
- **Note: This kit enables isolation of Exosomal RNA or Cell-Free RNA or both. The number of samples processed depends on the exosome purification method or input volume: up to 50 samples using Norgen's Exosome Purification Mini Kit or 200 μ L input; up to 25 samples using the Norgen's Exosome Purification Midi Kit or 400 μ L input; and up to 15 samples using the Norgen's Exosome Purification Maxi Kit or 600 μ L input.**
- These numbers are based on isolating either Exosomal RNA or Cell-Free RNA. If both RNA types are isolated simultaneously from the same sample, the number of preparations will be reduced accordingly due to the increased reagent and binding capacity requirements.

Section 1: Exosomal RNA Isolation

The following section provides detailed procedures to extract RNA from exosomes using Norgen's Exosome Purification Kits or any other commercial or lab developed methods.

Section 1A: Exosomal RNA Isolation from exosomes purified using Norgen's Exosome Purification Mini Kit or exosomes resuspended in 200 μ L of elution buffer purified using other methods like ultracentrifugation, size-exclusion chromatography and other commercially available kits.

Note: If processing a sample volume less than 200 μ L, simply bring the volume of your sample up to 200 μ L by adding more ExoR Buffer or 1x PBS. Then proceed as outlined below.

1. Add 300 μ L of **Lysis Buffer A** and 37.5 μ L of **Lysis Additive B** to the 200 μ L of buffer containing the purified exosomes.
2. Mix well by vortexing for 10 seconds then incubate at room temperature for 10 minutes
3. After incubation, add 500 μ L of **96-100% Ethanol** to the mixture from **Step 2** and mix well by vortexing for 10 seconds.

4. Transfer 500 μ L of the mixture from **Step 3** into a **Mini Spin column**. Centrifuge for **1 minute at 3,300 x g (~6,000 RPM)**. Discard the flowthrough and reassemble the spin column with its collection tube.
5. Repeat **Step 4** one more time to transfer the remaining mixture from **Step 3** into the **Mini Spin Column**.
6. Apply 600 μ L of **Wash Solution A** to the column and centrifuge for **30 seconds at 3,300 x g (~6,000 RPM)**. Discard the flowthrough and reassemble the spin column with its collection tube.
7. Repeat **Step 6** one more time, for a total of two washes
8. Spin the column, empty, for **1 minute at 13,000 x g (~14,000 RPM)**. Discard the collection tube.
9. Transfer the spin column to a fresh 1.7 mL Elution tube. Apply 50 μ L of **Elution Solution A** to the column and centrifuge for **1 minute at 2,000 RPM**, followed by **2 minutes at 8,000 RPM**.
10. For maximum recovery, transfer the eluted buffer back to the column and let stand at room temperature for 2 minutes. Centrifuge for **1 minute at 400 x g (~2,000 RPM)**, followed by **2 minutes at 5,800 x g (~8,000 RPM)**.

➤ **Exosomal RNA is now ready for downstream applications.**

Section 1B: Exosomal RNA Isolation from exosomes purified using Norgen's Exosome Purification Mini Kit or exosomes resuspended in 400 μ L of elution buffer purified using other methods like ultracentrifugation, size-exclusion chromatography and other commercially available kits.

Note: If processing a sample volume less than 400 μ L, simply bring the volume of your sample up to 400 μ L by adding more ExoR Buffer or 1x PBS. Then proceed as outlined below.

1. Add 600 μ L of **Lysis Buffer A** and 75 μ L of **Lysis Additive B** to the 400 μ L of buffer containing the purified exosomes.
2. Mix well by vortexing for 10 seconds then incubate at room temperature for 15 minutes
3. After incubation add 1 mL of **96-100% Ethanol** to the mixture from **Step 2** and mix well by vortexing for 10 seconds.
4. Transfer 750 μ L of the mixture from **Step 3** into a **Mini Spin column**. Centrifuge for **1 minute at 3,300 x g (~6,000 RPM)**. Discard the flowthrough and reassemble the spin column with its collection tube.
5. Repeat **Step 4** two more times to transfer the remaining mixture from **Step 3** into the **Mini Spin Column**.
6. Apply 600 μ L of **Wash Solution A** to the column and centrifuge for **30 seconds at 3,300 x g (~6,000 RPM)**. Discard the flowthrough and reassemble the spin column with its collection tube.
7. Repeat **Step 6** one more time, for a total of two washes
8. Spin the column, empty, for **1 minute at 13,000 x g (~14,000 RPM)**. Discard the collection tube.
9. Transfer the spin column to a fresh 1.7 mL Elution tube. Apply 50 μ L of **Elution Solution A** to the column and centrifuge for **1 minute at 2,000 RPM**, followed by **2 minutes at 8,000 RPM**.
10. For maximum recovery, transfer the eluted buffer back to the column and let stand at room temperature for 2 minutes. Centrifuge for **1 minute at 400 x g (~2,000 RPM)**, followed by **2 minutes at 5,800 x g (~8,000 RPM)**.

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Section 1C: Exosomal RNA Isolation from exosomes purified using Norgen's Exosome Purification Mini Kit or exosomes resuspended in 600 µL of elution buffer purified using other methods like ultracentrifugation, size-exclusion chromatography and other commercially available kits.

Note: If processing a sample volume less than 600 µL, simply bring the volume of your sample up to 600 µL by adding more ExoR Buffer or 1x PBS. Then proceed as outlined below.

1. Add 900 µL of **Lysis Buffer A** and 125 µL of **Lysis Additive B** to the 600 µL of buffer containing the purified exosomes.
2. Mix well by vortexing for 10 seconds then incubate at room temperature for 20 minutes
3. After incubation add 1.5 mL of **96-100% Ethanol** to the mixture from **Step 2** and mix well by vortexing for 10 seconds.
4. Transfer 750 µL of the mixture from **Step 3** into a **Mini Spin column**. Centrifuge for **1 minute at 3,300 x g (~6,000 RPM)**. Discard the flowthrough and reassemble the spin column with its collection tube.
5. Repeat **Step 4** two more times to transfer the remaining mixture from **Step 3** into the **Mini Spin Column**.
6. Apply 600 µL of **Wash Solution A** to the column and centrifuge for **30 seconds at 3,300 x g (~6,000 RPM)**. Discard the flowthrough and reassemble the spin column with its collection tube.
7. Repeat **Step 6** one more time, for a total of two washes
8. Spin the column, empty, for **1 minute at 13,000 x g (~14,000 RPM)**. Discard the collection tube.
9. Transfer the spin column to a fresh 1.7 mL Elution tube. Apply 50 µL of **Elution Solution A** to the column and centrifuge for **1 minute at 2,000 RPM**, followed by **2 minutes at 8,000 RPM**.
10. For maximum recovery, transfer the eluted buffer back to the column and let stand at room temperature for 2 minutes. Centrifuge for **1 minute at 400 x g (~2,000 RPM)**, followed by **2 minutes at 5,800 x g (~8,000 RPM)**.

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Section 2: Optional Free-Circulating RNA Isolation

During the extraction of exosomes using Norgen's Exosome purification kits, cell-free RNA is captured in the slurry pellet that is obtained in Section 2, Step 8 of Mini (Cat. 75700), Midi (Cat. 75800) or Maxi (Cat. 75900) kits. This cell-free RNA component can be purified using the following procedure.

Section 2A. Free-Circulating RNA Isolation from exosomes purified using Norgen's Exosome Purification Mini Kit

1. To the slurry pellet (from the Exosome Isolation **section 2, Step 8** of Exosome Purification Mini Kit) add 300 µL of **Lysis Buffer A**. Mix well by vortexing for 10 seconds then centrifuge for **2 minutes at 500 RPM**.
2. Transfer the 300 µL of **Lysis Buffer A** supernatant to a 1.5 mL tube (not-provided) then add 300 µL of **96-100% Ethanol** and mix well by vortexing for 10 seconds.

3. Transfer 600 µL of the mixture from Step 2 into a fresh **Mini Spin Column**. Centrifuge for **1 minute at 3,300 x g (~6,000 RPM)**. Discard the flowthrough and reassemble the spin column with its collection tube.
4. Apply 600 µL of **Wash Solution A** to the column and centrifuge for **30 seconds at 3,300 x g (~6,000 RPM)**. Discard the flowthrough and reassemble the spin column with its collection tube.
5. Repeat Step 4 one more time, for a total of two washes.
6. Spin the column, empty, for **1 minute at 13,000 x g (~14,000 RPM)**. Discard the collection tube.
7. Transfer the spin column to a fresh 1.7 mL Elution tube. Apply 50 µL of Elution Solution A to the column and centrifuge for **1 minute at 2,000 RPM**, followed by 2 minutes at 8,000 RPM.

For maximum recovery, transfer the eluted buffer back to the column and let stand at room temperature for 2 minutes. Centrifuge for **1 minute at 400 x g (~2,000 RPM)**, followed by 2 minutes at **5,800 x g (~8,000 RPM)**.

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Section 2B. Free-Circulating RNA Isolation from exosomes purified using Norgen's Exosome Purification Midi Kit

1. To the slurry pellet (from the Exosome Isolation **section 2, Step 8** of Exosome Purification Midi Kit) add 600 µL of **Lysis Buffer A**. Mix well by vortexing for 10 seconds then centrifuge for **2 minutes at 500 RPM**.
2. Transfer the 600 µL of **Lysis Buffer A** supernatant to a 1.5 mL tube (not-provided) then add 600 µL of **96-100% Ethanol** and mix well by vortexing for 10 seconds.
3. Transfer 600 µL of the mixture from Step 2 into a fresh **Mini Spin Column**. Centrifuge for **1 minute at 3,300 x g (~6,000 RPM)**. Discard the flowthrough and reassemble the spin column with its collection tube.
4. Repeat Step 3 one more time to transfer the remaining mixture from Step 3 into the Mini Spin Column.
5. Apply 600 µL of **Wash Solution A** to the column and centrifuge for **30 seconds at 3,300 x g (~6,000 RPM)**. Discard the flowthrough and reassemble the spin column with its collection tube.
6. Repeat Step 5 one more time, for a total of two washes.
7. Spin the column, empty, for **1 minute at 13,000 x g (~14,000 RPM)**. Discard the collection tube.
8. Transfer the spin column to a fresh 1.7 mL Elution tube. Apply 50 µL of **Elution Solution A** to the column and centrifuge for **1 minute at 2,000 RPM**, followed by **2 minutes at 8,000 RPM**.
9. For maximum recovery, transfer the eluted buffer back to the column and let stand at room temperature for 2 minutes. Centrifuge for **1 minute at 400 x g (~2,000 RPM)**, followed by **2 minutes at 5,800 x g (~8,000 RPM)**.

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Section 2C. Free-Circulating RNA Isolation from exosomes purified using Norgen's Exosome Purification Maxi Kit

1. To the slurry pellet (from the Exosome Isolation **section 2, Step 8** of Exosome Purification Maxi Kit) add 900 μ L of **Lysis Buffer A**. Mix well by vortexing for 10 seconds then centrifuge for **2 minutes at 500 RPM**.
2. Transfer the 900 μ L of **Lysis Buffer A** supernatant to a 1.5 mL tube (not-provided) then add 900 μ L of **96-100% Ethanol** and mix well by vortexing for 10 seconds.
3. Transfer 600 μ L of the mixture from Step 2 into a fresh **Mini Spin Column**. Centrifuge for **1 minute at 3,300 x g (~6,000 RPM)**. Discard the flowthrough and reassemble the spin column with its collection tube.
4. Repeat Step 3 two more time to transfer the remaining mixture from Step 3 into the **Mini Spin Column**.
5. Apply 600 μ L of **Wash Solution A** to the column and centrifuge for **30 seconds at 3,300 x g (~6,000 RPM)**. Discard the flowthrough and reassemble the spin column with its collection tube.
6. Repeat Step 5 one more time, for a total of two washes.
7. Spin the column, empty, for **1 minute at 13,000 x g (~14,000 RPM)**. Discard the collection tube.
8. Transfer the spin column to a fresh 1.7 mL Elution tube. Apply 50 μ L of **Elution Solution A** to the column and centrifuge for **1 minute at 2,000 RPM**, followed by **2 minutes at 8,000 RPM**.
9. For maximum recovery, transfer the eluted buffer back to the column and let stand at room temperature for 2 minutes. Centrifuge for **1 minute at 400 x g (~2,000 RPM)**, followed by **2 minutes at 5,800 x g (~8,000 RPM)**.

➤ **Cell Free RNA is now ready for downstream applications.**

Appendix A

Exosomal RNA Yield

Exosomal RNA, like RNA in other cell-free bodily fluids, is normally found in very low amounts (1 - 100 pg/ μ L), therefore measuring exosomal RNA concentration using common quantification methods is very difficult and challenging. Typical yields of exosomal RNA vary significantly from sample to sample. Variability is also observed between samples collected from the same donor at different times during the day and therefore there is no absolute yield for RNA purified from bodily fluids. Exosomal RNA yield varies depending on a number of factors including age, sex, diet, exercise and most importantly the health status of the donor.

Below is a list of the most common RNA quantification methods, as well as the limit of detection for each of these methods. **Unfortunately, none of these methods can be used reliably for measuring the concentration of RNA purified from exosomes unless large volumes have been processed.** This would only be applicable if exosomes contain the maximum amount of RNA that can fit within the specification range of these quantification tools. It should be noted that the specifications outlined below are based on measuring a pure RNA sample, which will not be the case for exosomal RNA. Exosomal RNA is short, fragmented RNA which is usually present in less than 1000 bp. Purified exosomal RNA usually contains traces of proteins which will interfere with most quantification methods, leading to the overestimation of the purified RNA concentration. Therefore, purified RNA contaminated with more proteins will be presented at a higher concentration as compared to RNA purified with less protein contaminants. ***The only reliable method that can assess the quality and the relative quantity of the purified***

exosomal RNA is RT-qPCR amplification of a standard RNA using a small RNA amplicon such as the 5S rRNA housekeeping gene.

Common RNA Quantification Methods

1) Bioanalyzer RNA Quantification kits

	RNA 6000 Nano Kit		RNA 6000 Pico Kit		Small RNA kit
	Total RNA	mRNA	Total RNA	mRNA	Total RNA
Quantitative range	25 - 500 ng/μL	25 - 250 ng/μL	----	----	50-2000 pg/μL
Quantitative range	5 - 500 ng/μL	5 - 250 ng/μL	50 - 5000 pg/μL	250 - 5000 pg/μL	50-2000 pg/μL
Quantitation accuracy	20% CV	20% CV	30% CV	----	-----

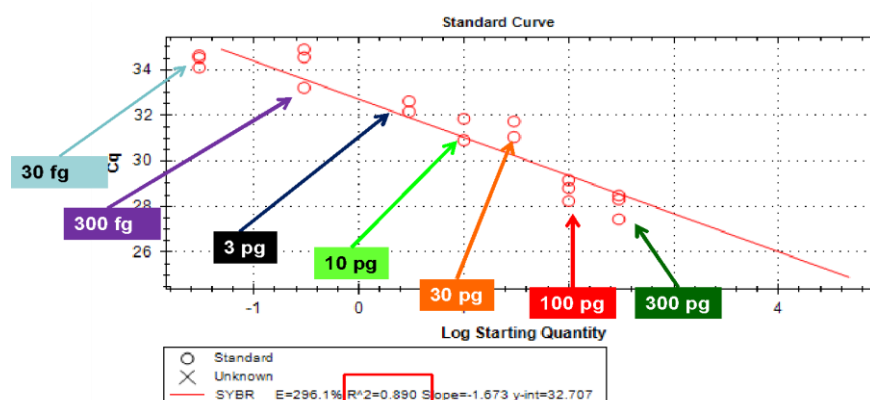
2) NanoDrop 2000

- Detection Limit: 2 ng/μl (dsDNA)

3) Quant-iT™ RiboGreen® RNA Assay Kit

- Quantitation Range: 1-200 ng

4) qPCR Standard Curve (generated by Norgen)



Frequently Asked Questions

1. What If a variable speed centrifuge is not available?

A fixed speed centrifuge can be used; however reduced yields may be observed.

2. At what temperature should I centrifuge my samples?

All centrifugation steps are performed at room temperature. Centrifugation at 4°C will not adversely affect kit performance.

3. What if I added more or less of the specified reagents' volume?

Adding more or less than the specified volumes may reduce both the quality and the quantity of the purified RNA. Eluting your RNA in high volumes will increase the yield but will lower the concentration. Eluting in small volumes will increase concentration but will lower the overall yield.

4. What if I forgot to do a dry spin before my final elution step?

Your purified RNA will be contaminated with Wash Solution A. This may reduce the quality of your purified RNA and will interfere with your downstream applications.

5. Can I perform a second elution?

Yes, but it is recommended that the 2nd elution be in a smaller volume (50% of 1st Elution). It is also recommended to perform the 2nd elution into a separate elution tube to avoid diluting the 1st elution.

6. Why do my samples show low RNA yield?

Exosomes contain very little RNA. This varies from individual to individual based on numerous variables. In order to increase the yield, the amount of urine, plasma or serum input could be increased.

7. Why do the A260/280 ratio of the purified RNA is lower than 2.0?

Most of the Exosomal RNA is short RNA fragments with a very low concentration, where the A260/280 ratio tends to decrease with the decrease in the RNA concentration. The A260/280 ratio is normally between 1 – 1.6. This low A260/280 ratio will not affect any downstream application.

8. Why does my isolated RNA not perform well in downstream applications?

If a different Elution Buffer was used other than the one provided in the kit, the buffer should be checked for any components that may interfere with the application. Common components that are known to interfere are high salts (including EDTA), detergents and other denaturants. Check the compatibility of your elution buffer with the intended use.

Technical Assistance

NORGEN's Technical Service Department is staffed by experienced scientists with extensive practical and theoretical expertise in sample and assay technologies and the use of NORGEN products. If you have any questions or experience any difficulties regarding Norgen's Exosomal RNA Isolation Kit or NORGEN products in general, please do not hesitate to contact us.

NORGEN customers are a valuable source of information regarding advanced or specialized uses of our products. This information is helpful to other scientists as well as to the researchers at NORGEN. We therefore encourage you to contact us if you have any suggestions about product performance or new applications and techniques.

For technical assistance and more information, please contact our Technical Support Team between the hours of 9:00 and 5:30 (Eastern Standard Time) at (905) 227-8848 or Toll Free at 1-866-667-4362. or call one of the NORGEN local distributors (www.norgenbiotech.com) or through email at techsupport@norgenbiotech.com.

Norgen's purification technology is patented and/or patent pending. See www.norgenbiotech.com/patents

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